ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2021

And Reports of Independent Auditor



BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

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ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL STAFF

Meredith Valentine - Finance Director

Robert Davie, Jr. - Town Administrator

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TOWN OF WARRENTON

FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as a whole. The individual fund statements and schedules and other schedules, as listed in the table of contents, as well as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, *Cost Principles*, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund statements and schedules and other schedules, as listed in the table of contents, as well as the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records use to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 13, 2022 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina July 13, 2022

Thury Belaurt LLP

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

As management of the Town of Warrenton (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

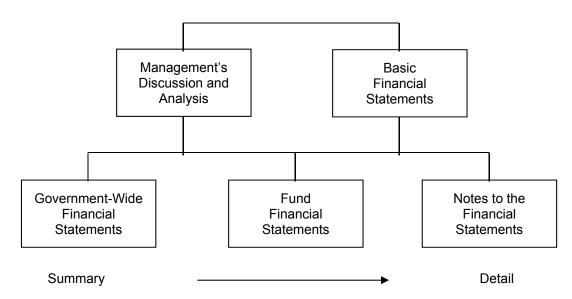
Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$10,396,143 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,094,892 primarily due to increases in water and sewer activities capital grants and contributions.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$929,262 with a net change of \$(\$175,289) in fund balance. Approximately 32.30% of this total amount, or \$300,227, is non-spendable or restricted.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance for the General fund was \$1,075,211 and the
 unassigned portion of that fund balance was \$784,242, or 70.40%, of total general fund expenditures for
 the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (pages 10 and 11) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Pages 12 through 18) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; 3) the proprietary fund statements; and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to the Financial Statements**. The notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **Supplemental Information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how they have changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer and wastewater services offered by the Town.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or noncompliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the Town's funds of can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

The Town adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board of Commissioners (the "Board") about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – The Town has one kind of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer and wastewater activity. The fund is the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 19 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 44 of this report.

Independence with Other Entities – The Town depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the state of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the Town is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury Securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury Securities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

Government-Wide Financial Analysis Town of Warrenton's Net Assets

Figure 2

	Gover	nmental	Busines	ss-Type				
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities .	Total			
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020		
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 977,428 389,526 229,217	\$ 1,154,664 278,188 180,658	\$ 1,425,159 12,151,770 133,420	\$ 999,224 9,361,041 118,246	\$ 2,402,587 12,541,296 362,637	\$ 2,153,888 9,639,229 298,904		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	1,596,171	1,613,510	13,710,349	10,478,511	15,306,520	12,092,021		
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Deferred inflows of resources	402,276 18,987 16,235	321,652 17,515 21,137	3,792,429 680,450	3,213,916 216,550	4,194,705 699,437 16,235	3,535,568 234,065 21,137		
Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	437,498	360,304	4,472,879	3,430,466	4,910,377	3,790,770		
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	307,971 278,499 572,203	157,762 262,166 833,278	8,533,713 - 703,757	6,268,435 - 779,610	8,841,684 278,499 1,275,960	6,426,197 262,166 1,612,888		
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,158,673	\$ 1,253,206	\$ 9,237,470	\$ 7,048,045	\$ 10,396,143	\$ 8,301,251		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$10,396,143 as of June 30, 2021. The Town's net position increased by \$2,094,892 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. 85.05% reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$278,499 (2.68%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$1,275,960 is unrestricted. One aspect of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net position:

• Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a collection percentage of 97.68%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

Town of Warrenton's Changes in Net Position

Figure 3

	Govern	mental	Business-Type	2			
	Activ	/ities	Activities		Total		
	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021 June	30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 183,413	\$ 153,963	\$ 2,050,487 \$ 1,	739,868	\$ 2,233,900	\$ 1,893,831	
Operating grants and contributions	27,404	113,580	1,458	1,403	28,862	114,983	
Capital grants and contributions	44,935	41,200	2,414,484 2,	277,718	2,459,419	2,318,918	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	478,241	473,713	-	-	478,241	473,713	
Other taxes	370,195	369,118	-	-	370,195	369,118	
Other	96,068	46,643	77	4,910	96,145	51,553	
Total Revenues	1,200,256	1,198,217	4,466,506 4,	023,899	5,666,762	5,222,116	
Expenses:							
General government	251,558	263,361	-	-	251,558	263,361	
Public safety	657,560	541,729	-	-	657,560	541,729	
Transportation	231,511	181,336	-	-	231,511	181,336	
Environmental protection	103,204	102,801	-	-	103,204	102,801	
Economic and physical development	51,075	32,407	-	-	51,075	32,407	
Cultural and recreational	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest on long-term debt	3,577	3,260	-	-	3,577	3,260	
Water and sewer			2,273,385 2,	155,630	2,273,385	2,155,630	
Total Expenses	1,298,485	1,124,894	2,273,385 2,	155,630	3,571,870	3,280,524	
Change in Net Position	(98,229)	73,323	2,193,121 1,	868,269	2,094,892	1,941,592	
Transfers	3,696	(32,000)	(3,696)	32,000	-	-	
Net position, beginning	1,253,206	1,211,883	7,048,045 5,	147,776	8,301,251	6,359,659	
Net position, June 30	\$ 1,158,673	\$ 1,253,206	\$ 9,237,470 \$ 7,	048,045	\$ 10,396,143	\$ 8,301,251	

Governmental Activities – Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$94,533, thereby, accounting for -4.5% of the total growth in the net position of the Town.

Business-Type Activities – Business-type activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,189,425, thereby, accounting for 104.5% of the total growth in the net position of the Town.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$784,242, while total fund balance reached \$1,075,211. The Governing Body of the Town has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 58.85% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance 70.40% of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 96.53% of the same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights – During the fiscal year, the Town made budget revisions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Proprietary Funds – The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Wastewater Treatment Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$8,025, and those for the Water and Sewer Fund amounted to \$695,732. The total change in net position for both funds was \$1,559,093 and \$630,332, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2021, totaled \$12,541,296 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2021

Town of Warrenton's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities					Total				
	Jun	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020			Jun	June 30, 2021 June 30, 2020			Jun	ie 30, 2021	June 30, 2020			
Land	\$	29,500	\$	29,500	\$	5,250	\$	5,250	\$	34,750	\$	34,750		
Buildings and system		1,501		1,501		109,688		114,084		111,189		115,585		
Improvements		106,007		116,634		4,627,953		4,755,881		4,733,960		4,872,515		
Water and sewer lines		-		-		1,988,834		2,216,182		1,988,834		2,216,182		
Machinery and equipment		185,046		21,517		34,377		43,185		219,423		64,702		
Vehicles and motorized equipment		67,472		109,036		20,805		36,408		88,277		145,444		
Construction in progress						5,364,863		2,190,051		5,364,863		2,190,051		
Total	\$	389,526	\$	278,188	\$ 1	2,151,770	\$	9,361,041	\$ 1	12,541,296	\$	9,639,229		

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt – As of June 30, 2021, the Town had total debt outstanding of \$3,699,612. Of this, \$3,699,612 is debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Town.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin of the Town is \$5,870,572.

Additional information regarding the Town's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town:

Unemployment: As of July 2021, the unemployment rate in Warren County was 7.8%, per St. Louis Federal Reserve website.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities – Revenues and expenditures are expected to remain comparable with 2020-2021 revenues and expenditures. Property taxes will remain unchanged.

Business-Type Activities – Revenues and expenditures are expected to remain comparable with 2020-2021 revenues and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Meredith Valentine, Financial Director, Town of Warrenton, PO Box 281, Warrenton, North Carolina, 27589.

TOWN OF WARRENTON

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2021

		nt			
	Governme	ntal B	usiness-Type		
	Activitie	s	Activities	_	Total
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents		,088 \$	447,910	\$	1,235,998
Restricted cash		,826	103,133		121,959
Taxes receivables (net)		,178			29,178
Accounts receivable (net) - trade		,794	703,334		730,128
Due from other governments	114	,542	77,194		191,736
Inventories		_	93,588		93,588
Total current assets	977	,428_	1,425,159		2,402,587
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Land, non-depreciable improvements, and					
construction in progress		,500	5,370,113		5,399,613
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		,026	6,781,657		7,141,683
Total capital assets		,526	12,151,770		12,541,296
Total assets	1,366	,954	13,576,929		14,943,883
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals	229	,217	133,420		362,637
Total deferred outflows of resources		,217	133,420		362,637
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable - trade	1	,918	546,292		548,210
Accrued payroll	17	,069	31,025		48,094
Deposits held		-	103,133		103,133
Long-Term Liabilities:					
Due within one year	52	,482	143,535		196,017
Net pension liability - LGERS		,551	146,367		365,918
Total pension liability - LEOSSA		,852	-		66,852
Due in more than one year		,391	3,502,527		3,565,918
Total liabilities	421	,263_	4,472,879		4,894,142
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension deferrals	16	,235			16,235
Total deferred inflows of resources	16	,235	_		16,235
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	307	,971	8,533,713		8,841,684
Restricted for:					
Streets	1	,779	-		1,779
Stabilization by State Statute	270	,269	_		270,269
USDA	5	,666	-		5,666
Cultural and recreation		785	-		785
Unrestricted	572	,203_	703,757		1,275,960
Total net position	\$ 1,158	,673 \$	9,237,470	\$	10,396,143

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenues						Ne	t (Expense) Re	eveni	ue and Change	s in l	Net Position
										P	rima	ry Governmen	t	
Functions/Programs	Evnoncos		Charges for Expenses Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Primary government:														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	\$	251,558	\$	3,275	\$	3,276	\$	-	\$	(245,007)	\$	-	\$	(245,007)
Public safety		657,560		512		-		40,958		(616,090)		-		(616,090)
Streets		231,511		-		24,128		-		(207,383)		-		(207,383)
Environmental protection Economic and		103,204		178,626		-		-		75,422		-		75,422
physical development		51,075		1,000		-		3,569		(46,506)		-		(46,506)
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		408		408		-		408
Interest on long-term debt		3,577		_		_		_		(3,577)		_		(3,577)
Total governmental				_		_		_				·		_
activities		1,298,485		183,413		27,404		44,935		(1,042,733)		_		(1,042,733)
Business-Type Activities:														
Wastewater treatment		697,472		657,753		729		1,568,321		-		1,529,331		1,529,331
Water and sewer		1,573,906		1,392,734		729		846,163		-		665,720		665,720
Total business-type activities		2,271,378		2,050,487		1,458		2,414,484		_		2,195,051		2,195,051
Total primary government	\$	3,569,863	\$	2,233,900	\$	28,862	\$	2,459,419		(1,042,733)		2,195,051		1,152,318
		eral revenues:												
		kes: Property taxes	, levie	ed for general	ourpos	e				478,241		_		478,241
	С	ther taxes								370,195		-		370,195
	Uni	restricted inve	estme	nt earnings						123		77		200
		scellaneous								95,113		-		95,113
	Gai	in (loss) on sa	ale of	fixed assets						832		(2,007)		(1,175)
	Total	general reve	nues							944,504		(1,930)		942,574
	Trans									3,696		(3,696)		
	Total	general reve								948,200		(5,626)		942,574
		Change in ne		ition						(94,533)		2,189,425		2,094,892
		osition, begin								1,253,206		7,048,045		8,301,251
	Net p	osition, begin	ning,	restated						1,253,206		7,048,045		8,301,251
	Net p	osition, endin	ıg						\$	1,158,673	\$	9,237,470	\$	10,396,143

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

		General	N	Total Ionmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS	_		•	(0.400)	•	- 00 000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	797,497	\$	(9,409)	\$	788,088	
Restricted cash		7,445		11,381		18,826	
Receivables, net:		20 179				20 179	
Taxes Accounts - trade		29,178 16,086		10,707		29,178 26,793	
Due from other funds		166,194		10,707		166,194	
Due from other governments		106,976		7,566		114,542	
Total assets	\$	1,123,376	\$	20,245	\$	1,143,621	
	Ψ	1,123,370	Ψ	20,243	Ψ	1,143,021	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable, trade	œ	1,918	\$		æ	1 010	
Accounts payable - trade Accrued payroll	\$	17,069	Ф	-	\$	1,918 17,069	
Due to other funds		17,009		166,194		166,194	
Total liabilities		18,987	-	166,194		185,181	
		10,901		100,194		105,101	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable		20 179				20 179	
Total deferred inflows of resources		29,178				29,178	
	-	29,178	•			29,178	
FUND BALANCES							
Fund balances: Restricted:							
Stabilization by State Statute		270,269		_		270,269	
USDA		5,666		_		5,666	
Streets		1,779		_		1,779	
Cultural and recreation		-		785		785	
Debt reserve		_		21,728		21,728	
Assigned:							
Subsequent year's expenditures		13,255		-		13,255	
Unassigned		784,242		(168,462)		615,780	
Total fund balances		1,075,211		(145,949)		929,262	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	1,123,376	\$	20,245			
Amounts reported for governmental activi (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activiand, therefore, are not reported in the function liability Total pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to Earned revenues considered deferred influences of the pension liabilities used in governmental and, therefore, are not reported in the functions.	pens ows o ension I active	are not financia ions are not re of resources in ons are not repo	al resou ported fund s orted ir	urces in the funds tatements the funds		389,526 (219,551) (66,852) 229,217 29,178 (16,235) (115,873) 1,158,673	
The accompanying notes to the financial statement		on into aval nov	4 of 4b:a	atatamant		12	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		General	 Total Ionmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	481,660	\$ -	\$	481,660	
Unrestricted intergovernmental		370,195	-		370,195	
Restricted intergovernmental		24,128	48,211		72,339	
Permits and fees		4,787	-		4,787	
Sales and services		210,966	-		210,966	
Investment earnings		123	-		123	
Miscellaneous		5,618	 42,403		48,021	
Total revenues		1,097,477	 90,614		1,188,091	
Expenditures:						
General government		212,095	_		212,095	
Public safety		530,436	40,958		571,394	
Streets		219,731	-		219,731	
Economic and physical development		-	51,075		51,075	
Environmental protection		103,204	, -		103,204	
Debt service:		,			, -	
Principal		37,749	_		37,749	
Interest and other charges		3,577	_		3,577	
Capital outlay		7,035	162,982		170,017	
Total expenditures		1,113,827	255,015		1,368,842	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		, -,-			, , -	
over expenditures		(16,350)	(164,401)		(180,751)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		, , ,	,		, , ,	
Transfers		(14,756)	18,452		3,696	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		1,766	10,432		1,766	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(12,990)	 18,452		5,462	
Total other illianding sources (uses)		(12,990)	 10,432		5,402	
Net change in fund balance		(29,340)	(145,949)		(175,289)	
Fund balances, beginning		1,104,551	-		1,104,551	
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,075,211	\$ (145,949)	\$	929,262	

EXHIBIT 5

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (175,289)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Disposal of capital assets Depreciation expense for governmental assets	170,017 (940) (57,739)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues	(3,419)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	
Principal payments on long-term debt	38,871
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Pension expense	(59,543)
Compensated absences	 (6,491)

Total changes in net position of governmental activities

\$

(94,533)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Genera	al Fu	ınd		
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with I Budget - ositive egative)
Revenues:	_		_		_		_	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	496,486	\$	496,486	\$	481,660	\$	(14,826)
Unrestricted intergovernmental		330,600		330,600		370,195		39,595
Restricted intergovernmental		25,583		25,583		24,128		(1,455)
Permits and fees		6,340		6,340		4,787		(1,553)
Sales and services		192,838		192,838		210,966		18,128
Investment earnings		6,050		6,050		123		(5,927)
Miscellaneous		26,727		28,992		5,618		(23,374)
Total revenues		1,084,624		1,086,889		1,097,477		10,588
Expenditures:								
General government		206,097		215,855		212,094		3,761
Public safety		561,122		561,122		530,436		30,686
Streets		188,454		228,088		219,731		8,357
Environmental protection		110,255		110,255		103,204		7,051
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		37,749		37,749		37,749		-
Interest and other charges		13,444		13,444		3,578		9,866
Capital outlay		, -		, -		7,035		(7,035)
Total expenditures		1,117,121		1,166,513		1,113,827		52,686
Revenues over expenditures		(32,497)		(79,624)		(16,350)		63,274
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		1,766		1,766
Transfers		32,497		32,497		(14,756)		(47,253)
Appropriated fund balance				47,127				(47,127)
Total other financing sources (uses)		32,497		79,624		(12,990)		(92,614)
Revenues and other sources over								
expenditures and other uses	\$	-	\$	_		(29,340)	\$	(29,340)
. ,						(=3,5.3)		(==,•.•)
Fund balances, beginning						1,104,551		
Fund balances, ending					\$	1,075,211		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Wastewater Treatment Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,775	\$ 469,415	\$ 502,190
Restricted cash	-	103,133	103,133
Accounts receivable, net	510,508	192,826	703,334
Notes receivable	-	-	-
Due from other governments	75,867	1,327	77,194
Inventories		93,588	93,588
Total current assets	619,150	860,289	1,479,439
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Land and other non-depreciable assets	1,877,002	3,493,111	5,370,113
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	28,378	6,753,279	6,781,657
Capital assets (net)	1,905,380	10,246,390	12,151,770
Total noncurrent assets	1,905,380	10,246,390	12,151,770
Total assets	2,524,530	11,106,679	13,631,209
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals	66,710	66,710	133,420
Total deferred outflows of resources	66,710	66,710	133,420
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	514,849	31,443	546,292
Accrued payroll	16,443	14,582	31,025
Overdrawn cash	54,280	· -	54,280
Due to other funds	_	_	-
Customer deposits	-	103,133	103,133
Compensated absences - current	12,021	5,623	17,644
Installment purchases - current	10,422	115,469	125,891
Total current liabilities	608,015	270,250	878,265
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Compensated absences - noncurrent	7,059	3,302	10,361
Net pension liability	73,183	73,184	146,367
Installment purchases - noncurrent	331,034	3,161,132	3,492,166
Total noncurrent liabilities	411,276	3,237,618	3,648,894
Total liabilities	1,019,291	3,507,868	4,527,159
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals	_	_	_
Total deferred inflows of resources			
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,563,924	6,969,789	8,533,713
Restricted	-	-,,-	-,,-
Unrestricted	8,025	695,732	703,757
Total net position	\$ 1,571,949	\$ 7,665,521	\$ 9,237,470
- Service Programs.	,-: -,	- 1,000,021	-, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -, -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Tre	stewater eatment Fund	Water and ewer Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:			_	_
Charges for services	\$	633,113	\$ 1,391,730	\$ 2,024,843
Other operating revenues		24,640	1,004	25,644
Total operating revenues		657,753	1,392,734	2,050,487
Operating Expenses:				
Administration		314,343	365,793	680,136
Water and sewer operations		-	799,587	799,587
Water collection and treatment		345,112	-	345,112
Depreciation		4,574	379,261	383,835
Total operating expenses		664,029	1,544,641	2,208,670
Operating loss		(6,276)	(151,907)	 (158,183)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment earnings		2	75	77
Coronavirus Relief Fund revenue		729	729	1,458
Coronavirus Relief Fund expense		(729)	(729)	(1,458)
Grant match for capital project		(33,443)	-	(33,443)
Interest and other charges		_	(27,807)	 (27,807)
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		(33,441)	(27,732)	(61,173)
Loss before contributions and transfers		(39,717)	(179,639)	(219,356)
Capital contributions	1	,568,321	846,163	2,414,484
Loss on disposal		(2,007)	-	(2,007)
Transfer from other funds		32,497	14,757	47,254
Transfers to other funds		(1)	(50,949)	(50,950)
Change in net position	1	,559,093	630,332	2,189,425
Total net position, beginning		12,856	7,035,189	7,048,045
Total net position, ending	\$ 1	,571,949	\$ 7,665,521	\$ 9,237,470

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net customer deposits - (1,881) (1,8 Net cash from operating activities 904 375,505 376,4 Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	l
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	1,748) 9,346) 1,881)
·	6,409
Grant expense (729) (729) (1,4) Transfers (to) from other funds (947) (23,790) (24,7)	1,458 1,458) 4,737) 7,233)
	6,609 4,484
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest and dividends 2 75	77
Balances, beginning (19,984) 516,217 496,2	4,810 6,233 1,043
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from by operating activities: Operating income \$ (6,276) \$ (151,907) \$ (158,700)	3,183)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities:	3,835
	1,101) 9,930)
	5,174) 1,986
	- 5,013
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll (195) 963	768
	1,881) 1,076
	4,592
	5,409

TOWN OF WARRENTON

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Warrenton (the "Town") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected mayor and a seven-member council. These financial statements include only the Town, as there were no component units required to be included.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include: (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. This fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance, and construction and sanitation services.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Coronavirus Relief Fund – This fund is used to account for funds received relating to the CARES Act and American Rescue Plan Act.

CDBG Fund – This fund is used to account for grant funds relating to a CDBG Neighborhood Revitalization Grant.

NC VW Settlement Fund – This fund is used to account for grant funds to purchase a replacement vehicle for the Sanitation department.

Revolving Loan Fund – This fund is used to account for funds available to promote business development in the Town.

Milano's Downtown Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund, used to account for the specific grant funding received and expended for the purposes of renovating a building in downtown Warrenton.

Frontier Warren Fund – This fund is used to account for funds relating to the use and maintenance of the Frontier Warren Building.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Enterprise Funds. The enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that (a) are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis, be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that the periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Town has two enterprise funds: Water and Sewer Fund and Wastewater Treatment Fund.

The Town operates the regional wastewater treatment plant under an agreement with Warren County. The operating costs are shared with the Town of Norlina and Warren County.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes ("G.S."), all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property, other than motor vehicles, are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the state of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates, are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the Town, are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town because the tax is levied by Warren County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied. Grant revenues that are unearned at year-end are recorded as unavailable revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for capital projects. The enterprise fund projects are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations by more than \$2,500. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"). The Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price.

In accordance with state law, the Town has invested in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases in specific increments until maturity. They are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected and are classified as restricted cash in the enterprise funds. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash within the General Fund because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, reconstructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.1.

Governmental Activities:

General Fund	
Streets	\$ 1,779
USDA	5,666
Revolving loan fund	 11,381
Total governmental activities	\$ 18,826
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund	
Customer deposits	\$ 103,133
Total business-type activities	\$ 103,133

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2012. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the Town are valued at cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market. The Town's General Fund inventory consists of expendable supplies that are recorded as expenditures as used rather than when purchased. The inventories of the Town's enterprise funds consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are as follows: land, buildings, improvements, equipment, vehicles, substations, lines, and other plant and distribution systems, \$5,000; and infrastructure, \$50,000. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives to the cost of the assets:

Asset Type	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	15
Vehicles	5
Furniture and equipment	7-10
Computer equipment	3
Infrastructure	50

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2021 fiscal year and pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has two items that meet this criterion – property taxes receivable and deferrals of pension expense.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements for governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a last-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for accrual of sick leave days; there is no limit on the amount of accumulation. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have an obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by state statute (G.S. 159-8(a)).

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpected Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for USDA – portion of fund balance that is restricted due to grantor requirements.

Restricted for cultural and recreation – portion of fund balance restricted for cultural and recreation expenditures.

Restricted for Debt reserve – portion of fund balance that is restricted for debt service.

Restricted for capital outlay – portion of fund balance relating to funds due to the general fund for the purchase of a vehicle for the sanitation department

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Committed Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Administrator will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

12. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS") and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Noncompliance with North Carolina General Statutes

All Units of Government in North Carolina are required by G.S. 159-34 to receive and submit an annual audit report to the Local Government Commission. These reports are due by statute no later than four months after the close of the unit's fiscal year, October 31st of each year and there is a grace period till December 1st. The Town's FY 2021 was not submitted by December 1, 2021.

Deficit in Fund Balance of Individual Funds

The nonmajor NC VW Settlement Grant Fund is reporting a deficit fund balance of \$162,982 due to expenditures being made before the settlement funds were received. Settlement funds are expected to be received in Fiscal Year 2022, at which time the fund will no longer operate at a deficit.

Donations were much less than expected for Frontier Warren, causing the negative fund balance of \$5,480. The plan is to rent the space at 140 S. Main as an office rather than keep it open as co-working space, bringing in monthly revenue that will cover the expenses.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's expenditures have exceeded amounts budgeted in the general fund for the following departments:

General government: \$3,590

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agents in the Town's names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agents in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no policy regarding custodial credit risks for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$580,391, and \$576,696 was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town's petty cash totaled \$100 at June 30, 2021.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$777,926, invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The receivables shown in Exhibit 1 at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

						oue from Other		
	Accounts			Taxes	Governments		Total	
Governmental Activities:	•	00.040	•	00.450	•	400.070	•	400 40=
General	\$	33,043	\$	29,178	\$	106,976	\$	169,197
Other governmental		-		-		7,566		7,566
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(6,249)						(6,249)
Total governmental activities	\$	26,794	\$	29,178	\$	114,542	\$	170,514
Business-Type Activities:								
Wastewater treatment	\$	510,508	\$	-	\$	75,867	\$	586,375
Water and sewer		302,818		-		1,327		304,145
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(109,992)		-		-		(109,992)
Total business-type activities	\$	703,334	\$	_	\$	77,194	\$	780,528
Due from other governments consisted	of the	e following:						
Warren County					\$	10,842		
Local option sales tax						77,043		
Motor fuel Tax Refund						90		
Franchise tax						19,001		
Coronavirus Relief Fund						3,569		
MS Downtown Redevelopment *						3,997		
					\$	114,542		
Town of Norlina					\$	52,580		
Warren County						23,287		
					\$	75,867		
Sales Tax Refund					\$	1,327		
					\$	1,327		

^{*} The Town has one outstanding notes receivable with local businesses. The loan was made for improvements on real property, and funds were provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to make the loan.

The loan was made on December 19, 2018 in the amount of \$10,500 with an interest rate of 5%. Monthly installments are due to the Town in the amount of \$148. The loan matures on December 25, 2025. The balance of this note receivable is \$7,163 at June 30, 2021 and is considered fully collectible.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

4. Capital Assets

	Beginniı	ng						Ending
	Balance	s	Incr	eases	Dec	creases	В	alances
Governmental Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 29,5		\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,500
Total capital assets not being depreciated	29,5	00_						29,500
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings	6.7	73		_		_		6,773
Equipment	97,5		1	70,017		1,820		265,753
Improvements	159,4			-		-		159,412
Vehicles and motorized equipment	474,6			-		_		474,636
Total capital assets being depreciated	738,3	77	1	70,017		1,820		906,574
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	5,2	72		-		-		5,272
Equipment	76,0	39		5,548		880		80,707
Improvements	42,7	78		10,627		-		53,405
Vehicles and motorized equipment	365,6			41,564				407,164
Total accumulated depreciation	489,6	89 5	\$	57,739	\$	880		546,548
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	248,6	88						360,026
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 278,1	88					\$	389,526

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 13,791
Public Safety	32,168
Transportation	11,780
Total depreciation expense	\$ 57,739

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-Type Activities:	<u> </u>	- moreases	<u> </u>	Dalances
Wastewater Treatment Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 1,877,002	\$ -	\$ 1,877,002
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>Ψ</u>	1,877,002	<u>Ψ</u>	1,877,002
			·	.,0,002
Capital assets being depreciated:	44.050			44.050
Improvements Vehicles	14,858	-	-	14,858
Equipment	18,706 136,030	- 1,759	(3,820)	18,706 133,969
Total capital assets being depreciated	169,594	1,759	(3,820)	167,533
	100,004	1,700	(3,020)	107,000
Less accumulated depreciation for:		004		2 2 4 2
Improvements	2,667	381	-	3,048
Vehicles	18,706	4 402	- (4.042)	18,706
Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	115,021 136,394	4,193 \$ 4,574	(1,813) \$ (1,813)	117,401 139,155
•		Φ 4,574	Φ (1,013)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	33,200			28,378
Wastewater Treatment Fund capital assets	\$ 33,200			\$ 1,905,380
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,250
Construction in progress	2,190,051	1,297,810		3,487,861
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,195,301	1,297,810		3,493,111
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Water and sewer lines	5,853,043	_	_	5,853,043
Water and sewer plant	169,982	_	-	169,982
Improvements	4,909,994	_	-	4,909,994
Vehicles	226,908	-	-	226,908
Equipment	228,439			228,439
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,388,366			11,388,366
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water and sewer lines	3,636,861	227,348	-	3,864,209
Water and sewer plant	55,898	4,396	-	60,294
Improvements	166,304	127,547	-	293,851
Vehicles	190,500	15,603	-	206,103
Equipment	206,263	4,367		210,630
Total accumulated depreciation	4,255,826	\$ 379,261	\$ -	4,635,087
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,132,540			6,753,279
Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net	9,327,841			10,246,390
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,361,041			\$ 12,151,770

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Construction Commitments – The identification of possible commitments is the responsibility of the Finance Department. Once identified, the department involved with the project and the Finance Department evaluates the financial statement impact by evaluating the funding and timing of the contracts. Construction commitments at June 30, 2021 for the Town Hall Renovation for Public Works and Water/Sewer Line Replacements projects are:

Contract Amount	Expensed	Remaining
\$ 6,180,897	\$ (6,154,897)	\$ 26,000

B. Liabilities

1. Pension Plan Obligations

a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide LGERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers ("LEO") of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS' Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The LGERS is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the state of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by G.S. 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS' Board of Trustees. The Town's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 10.9% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 10.15% for general employees, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town were \$129,830 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$365,918 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020 (the measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.01024%, which was an increase of 0.0016% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$151,234. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred offlows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	46,209	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		27,232		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		51,493		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		78,783		-
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		129,830		
Total	\$	333,547	\$	_

\$129,830 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ 69,065
2023	72,648
2024	46,765
2025	 15,239
	\$ 203,717

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3%
Salary increases	3.50 to 8.10%, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer), and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and, therefore, not included in the measurement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2020 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2019 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.0%)	Dis	count Rate (7.0%)	_,-	Increase (8.0%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension						
liability (asset)	\$	742,409	\$	365,918	\$	53,029

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR for the state of North Carolina.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the North Carolina General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2019, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefits	-
Active plan members	4
Total	4

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2019 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.25 to 7.75%, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 1.93%

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the Pub 2010 amount-weighted tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale MP-2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

4. Contributions

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$-0-as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$66,852. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2020 based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2020 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of (\$818).

	Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,237	\$	15,104	
Changes of assumptions		24,852		1,131	
Total	<u>\$</u>	29,089	\$	16,235	

\$-0- reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2022	\$ (237)
2023	(237)
2024	(119)
2025	2,807
2026	4,104
Thereafter	 6,536
	\$ 12,854

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.93%, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.93%) than the current rate:

		Decrease (0.93%)	 ount Rate 1.93%)	 Increase 2.93%)
Total pension liability	\$	72,754	\$ 66,852	\$ 61,370

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	 2021
Beginning balance	\$ 31,828
Service Cost	3,522
Interest on the total pension liability	1,038
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	3,809
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	26,655
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 66,852

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2019.

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan, administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to 5% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town made contributions of \$9,568 for the reporting year. No amounts were forfeited.

d. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the LGERS ("Death Benefit Plan"), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the LGERS, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the LGERS at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the state. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

2. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Source	_	Amount			
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	<u> </u>	\$	129,830		
Pension deferrals	_		232,807		
	_	\$	362,637		

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

Source	 Amount
Taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$ 29,178
Pension deferrals (Government-Wide)	16,235

3. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in three self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy, workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage. The liability and property exposures are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Stop loss insurance is purchased by the Board of Trustees to protect against large medical claims that exceed certain dollar cost levels. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance, excess, and stop loss policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Town has made the decision not to purchase flood insurance at this time. The Town does not deem the risk of flooding to outweigh the cost of insurance.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Town Administrator/Clerk is bonded for \$50,000, the Finance Officer is bonded for \$50,000, and the Police Chief is bonded for \$10,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded for \$5,000 per occurrence.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

4. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

As authorized by state law (G.S. 160A-20 and 153A-158.1), the Town financed various property and equipment acquisitions by installment purchases. Installment purchase contracts at June 30, 2021 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

Government Activities:

An agreement was executed on March 22, 2007 for \$143,000 to purchase new sewer lines. This agreement requires 15 annual payments of \$12,835, including interest of 3.97% per annum. (45.75% of this note is held by the General Fund and 54.25% is held by the Water and Sewer Fund.)	\$ 5,664
An agreement was executed on September 26, 2013 for \$150,000 for replacement and repair of the Town Hall roof. This agreement requires 120 monthly payments of \$1,417, including interest at 2.54%. (67% of this note is held by the General Fund and 33% is held by the Water and Sewer Fund.)	25,026
An agreement was executed on December 7, 2016 for \$8,500 to finance the purchase of surveillance cameras. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$1,333, including interest at 2.375%.	3,812
An agreement was executed on July 18, 2017 for \$29,500 to finance the purchase of two patrol cars. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$4,780, beginning in 2018, including interest at 3.25%.	17,662
An agreement was executed on November 20, 2019 for \$33,800 to finance the purchase of two patrol cars. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$5,426, beginning in 2020, including interest at 3.0%.	29,391
Total governmental activities	\$ 81,555

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

Business-Type Activities:

An agreement was executed on March 22, 2007 for \$143,000 to purchase new sewer lines. This agreement requires 15 annual payments of \$12,835, including interest at 3.97% per annum. (45.75% of this note is held by the General Fund and 54.25% is held by the Water and Sewer Fund.) An agreement was executed on September 26, 2013 for \$150,000 for replacement and repair of the Town Hall roof. This agreement requires 120 monthly payments of \$1,417, including interest at 2.54%. (67% of this note is held by the General Fund and 33% is held by the Water and Sewer Fund.) An agreement was executed on October 24, 2017 for \$36,000 to finance the purchase of two public works trucks. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$5,834, beginning in 2018, including interest at 3.25%. An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$115,000. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$5,750, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$184,531. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$9,227, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. NCDENR funded a project for sewer system rehabilitation and related loan proceeds for \$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00% per annum beginning May 1, 2014. Maturity is May 2033. An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$754,000	Business-Type Activities:	
the Town Hall roof. This agreement requires 120 monthly payments of \$1,417, including interest at 2.54%. (67% of this note is held by the General Fund and 33% is held by the Water and Sewer Fund.) An agreement was executed on October 24, 2017 for \$36,000 to finance the purchase of two public works trucks. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$5,834, beginning in 2018, including interest at 3.25%. An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$115,000. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$5,750, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. 106,623 An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$184,531. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$9,227, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. 172,237 NCDENR funded a project for sewer system rehabilitation and related loan proceeds for \$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00% per annum beginning May 1, 2014. Maturity is May 2033. An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. 228,000 \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. 754,000	agreement requires 15 annual payments of \$12,835, including interest at 3.97% per annum. (45.75% of this note is held by the General Fund and 54.25% is held by the Water and Sewer	\$ 6,681
public works trucks. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$5,834, beginning in 2018, including interest at 3.25%. An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$115,000. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$5,750, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on April 2, 2020 for sewer upgrades in the amount of \$184,531. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$9,227, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. NCDENR funded a project for sewer system rehabilitation and related loan proceeds for \$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00% per annum beginning May 1, 2014. Maturity is May 2033. An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. 754,000	the Town Hall roof. This agreement requires 120 monthly payments of \$1,417, including interest at 2.54%. (67% of this note is held by the General Fund and 33% is held by the Water and	12,510
An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$9,227 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. An agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$9,227, beginning in 2021, at 0% interest. 172,237 NCDENR funded a project for sewer system rehabilitation and related loan proceeds for \$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00% per annum beginning May 1, 2014. Maturity is May 2033. An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds excecuted on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. 1,810,000	public works trucks. This agreement requires 7 annual payments of \$5,834, beginning in 2018,	21,550
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\$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00% per annum beginning May 1, 2014. Maturity is May 2033. An agreement was executed on May 5, 2020 for upgrades to the Waste Water Treatement Plant in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. * An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$1,810,000		172,237
in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning in 2022, at 0% interest. * An agreement was executed on December 17, 2020 for \$228,000 to finance the renovations to Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds excecuted on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$1,810,000 \$769,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$15,000 to \$24,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$754,000	\$275,000. This agreement requires annual principal payments of \$13,750 plus interest at 2.00%	165,000
Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including interest at 1.25%. \$1,846,000 of Water Bonds excecuted on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$769,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$15,000 to \$24,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. 754,000	in the amount of \$472,132. This agreement requires 20 annual payments of \$23,606, beginning	341,456
\$36,000 to \$56,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. \$769,000 of Water Bonds executed on August 28, 2020 are due on June 1 in installments of \$15,000 to \$24,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%. 754,000	Town Hall. This agreement requires 40 annual payments of \$7,280, beginning in 2022, including	228,000
\$15,000 to \$24,000 through June 1, 2060. Interest rates from 1.125%.		1,810,000
\$ 3,618,057	•	754,000
		\$ 3,618,057

^{*} The Town expects to receive \$13,184 of the principal payments for this debt going forward from Warren County and the Town of Norlina beginning with the initial principal payment due in May of 2022. These contributions will represent 55.85% of the total debt service payments and are expected to continue until the debt is satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

b. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term obligations follows:

Years Ending June 30,				Principal		Interest		Total	
Governmental Activities:									
2022			\$	30,862	\$	2,294	\$	33,156	
2023				21,405		1,468		22,873	
2024				13,424		944		14,368	
2025				9,593		613		10,206	
2026				5,115		311		5,426	
2027				1,156		158		1,314	
			\$	81,555	\$	5,788	\$	87,343	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water and Sewer Fund:									
2022			\$	125,891	\$	36,193	\$	162,084	
2023				121,536		34,725		156,261	
2024				117,620		33,508		151,128	
2025				116,438		32,385		148,823	
2026				111,851		31,262	_	143,113	
2027-2061			_	3,024,721		536,113		3,560,834	
			\$:	3,618,057	\$	704,186	\$ 4	,322,243	
	Balance				I	Balance	(Current	
	July 1,				J	lune 30,	Po	ortion of	
	2020	Increases	D	ecreases		2021	Balance		
Governmental Activities:									
Installment purchases	\$ 120,4	26 \$ -	\$	38,871	\$	81,555	\$	30,862	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	141,5	77,980		-		219,551		· -	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)	31,8	28 35,024		-		66,852		-	
Compensated absences	27,8	27 8,039		1,548		34,318		21,620	
Total	\$ 321,6	\$ 121,043	\$	40,419	\$	402,276	\$	52,482	
Business-Type Activities:									
Installment purchases	\$ 3,092,6		\$ 2	2,711,158	\$ 3	3,618,057	\$	125,891	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	94,3			-		146,367		-	
Compensated absences	26,9	29 4,478		3,401		28,006		17,644	
Total	\$ 3,213,9	\$ 3,293,073	\$ 2	2,714,559	\$:	3,792,430	\$	143,535	

At June 30, 2021, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$5,870,572.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 2—Detail notes on all funds (continued)

c. Commitments

The Town has entered into a contract with Soul City Sanitary District for the sale of water to the Town until March 20, 2037. The Town is obligated to purchase a minimum of 250,000 gallons of water per day under the terms of this agreement.

The Town has entered into a contract with the Town of Norlina and Warren County in which the Town has agreed to operate the wastewater treatment facility, and the cost of these operations is allocated between the parties as follows: Warren County – 31.17%, Warrenton – 44.15%, and Norlina 24.68%. The Town charges all related expenses to the Wastewater Treatment Fund and bills Warren County and Norlina monthly for their share of the expenses. This agreement is in effect until a new agreement or an amendment is made.

The Town has entered into a contract with Warrenton Rural Voluntary Fire Association, Inc. for fire protection services until June 30, 2024. The Town is obligated to pay \$70,000 annually under the terms of this contract.

The Town has entered into a contract with Harris Investments, Inc. to lease land from November 1, 2015 through October 31, 2025 for \$1,000 per year for the purpose of placing yard waste, leaves, and storm debris.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

At June 30, 2021, the Water and Sewer Fund paid \$273,821 to the Wastewater Treatment Fund for the Town's share of wastewater treatment operations. As this amount represents interfund services provided and used, it is recorded as revenue in the Wastewater Treatment Fund and as an expense in the Water and Sewer Fund.

During the year, the equity of two funds were transferred from the Water Sewer Fund to the General Fund and one to its own Special Revenue Fund.

D. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 1,075,211
Less:	
Stabilization by state statue	270,269
USDA	5,666
Streets - Powell Bill	1,779
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2022 budget	 13,255
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 784,242

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Town Administrator will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Town Administrator has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has officially adopted a fund balance policy to maintain an available fund balance of 45% of the general fund expenditures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2021

Note 3—Jointly governed organization

The Kerr-Tar Council of Government (the "Council") is a voluntary association of five county and fifteen Town and town governments, including the Town, established to coordinate federal and state projects of a planning nature in the five county area in central North Carolina. Each county, Town, and town appoints one member to the Council's governing body and his governing body selects the management and determines the budget and financing requirements of the Council. The Town contributed \$577 to the Council during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 4—Summary disclosure of significant contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Note 5—Subsequent events

The Town has evaluated events from the date of the balance sheet through the date the report is available to be issued which is the date of the report of independent auditor. The Town has not evaluated subsequent events after that date. There were no subsequent events during this period that require disclosure.

TOWN OF WARRENTON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Obligation
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Total Pension Obligation as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM —

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014
Warrenton's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01024%		0.00864%		0.00870%		0.01100%		0.01191%		0.01015%		0.00907%		0.00400%
Warrenton's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 365,919	\$	235,952	\$	206,394	\$	168,050	\$	252,770	\$	45,552	\$	(53,490)	\$	48,215
Warrenton's covered payroll	\$ 744,419	\$	693,583	\$	661,731	\$	693,131	\$	674,953	\$	610,237	\$	488,917	\$	484,406
Warrenton's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.15%		34.02%		31.19%		24.25%		37.45%		7.46%		-10.94%		9.95%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	88.61%		90.86%		91.63%		94.18%		91.47%		98.09%		102.64%		94.35%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

^{**}This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM –
SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015	 2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 129,830	\$ 120,920	\$ 104,607	\$ 95,971	\$ 97,279	\$ 88,326	\$	83,130	\$ 32,304
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	129,830	120,920	104,607	95,971	97,279	88,326		83,130	32,304
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -
Warrenton's covered payroll	\$ 775,836	\$ 744,419	\$ 693,583	\$ 661,731	\$ 693,131	\$ 674,953	\$	610,237	\$ 488,917
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.73%	16.24%	15.08%	14.50%	14.03%	13.09%		13.62%	6.61%

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION OBLIGATION

LAST FIVE YEARS

	2021			2020	 2019	2018	 2017
Beginning balance	\$	31,828	\$	25,977	\$ 26,571	\$ 50,058	\$ 46,433
Service Cost		3,522		2,461	2,643	2,444	3,361
Interest on the total pension liability		1,038		946	840	1,932	1,658
Differences between the expected and actual experience							
in the measurement of the total pension liability		3,809		1,357	(2,861)	(29,964)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		26,655		1,087	 (1,216)	2,101	(1,394)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	66,852	\$	31,828	\$ 25,977	\$ 26,571	\$ 50,058

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31.

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE — SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION OBLIGATION AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL

LAST FIVE YEARS

	2021	2020	 2019	2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 66,852	\$ 31,828	\$ 25,977	\$ 26,571	\$ 50,058
Covered payroll	\$ 180,318	\$ 128,043	\$ 119,611	\$ 156,513	\$ 180,588
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	37.07%	24.86%	21.72%	16.98%	27.72%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Warrenton has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

TOWN OF WARRENTON

INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

	Budget		Actual	Po	oriance ositive egative)
Revenues:	Buuget		Actual	(146	gative
Ad valorem taxes:					
Taxes	\$	- \$	437,659	\$	_
Motor vehicles taxes	Ψ	- ψ	40,762	Ψ	_
Penalties and interest		_	3,239		_
Total	496,4	86	481,660		(14,826)
Total			401,000		(14,020)
Unrestricted intergovernmental:					
Local option sales taxes		_	279,115		_
Utility franchise tax		_	86,459		_
Beer and wine tax		_	3,396		_
Gas tax refund		_	1,225		_
Refund Sales Tax		_	_		_
Total	330,6	000	370,195		39,595
Restricted intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation		_	24,128		_
Total	25,5	83	24,128		(1,455)
Total			24,120		(1,433)
Permits and fees:					
Zoning fees		-	700		-
Code enforcement		-	2,575		-
Parking fees and enforcement		-	210		-
Court fees		-	302		-
Cemetery fees		-	1,000		_
Total	6,3	40	4,787		(1,553)
Sales and services:					
Landfill fees			179 626		
Cell tower rent		-	178,626		-
		-	32,340		-
Miscellaneous	204.0		5,618		(F. 246)
Total	221,8	30	216,584		(5,246)
Investment earnings	6,0	50	123		(5,927)
Total revenues	1,086,8	89	1,097,477		10,588

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures: General government:			
Governing body			
Personnel services	\$ -	\$ 1,624	\$ -
Operating expenditures	-	225	-
Total	2,165	1,849	316
Administration			
Personnel services	-	236,329	-
Operating expenditures	-	95,882	-
Capital outlay	-	7,035	-
Administrative fee paid by Water and Sewer	- 040,000	(121,966)	(2.500)
Total	213,690	217,280	(3,590)
Total general government	215,855	219,129	(3,274)
Public Safety Police			
Personnel services	-	345,159	-
Operating expenditures		95,437	
Total	470,837	440,596	30,241
Fire			
Personnel services	-	3,106	-
Operating expenditures		86,734	
Total	90,285	89,840	445
Total public safety	561,122	530,436	30,686
Streets Street repair and construction			
Personnel services	-	93,885	-
Operating expenditures	-	139,346	-
Mowing fees paid by Water and Sewer		(13,500)	
Total	228,088	219,731	8,357
Total streets	228,088	219,731	8,357

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Environmental Protection Sanitation			
Personnel services Operating expenditures	\$ - -	\$ 68,986 34,218	\$ - -
Total	110,255	103,204	7,051
Total environmental protection	110,255	103,204	7,051
Debt service Principal retirement Interest and other charges	<u>-</u>	37,749 3,578	<u>-</u>
Total	51,193	41,327	9,866
Total expenditures	1,166,513	1,113,827	52,686
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(79,624)	(16,350)	63,274
Other financing sources (uses): Gain on sale of fixed assets		1,766	1,766
Transfers	32,497	(14,756)	(47,253)
Fund balance appropriated	47,127		(47,127)
Total	79,624	(12,990)	(92,614)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other			
financing uses	\$ -	(29,340)	\$ (29,340)
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending		1,104,551 \$ 1,075,211	

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Re	avirus lief ant	Rev	shborhood italization CDBG Grant	NC VW ettlement Grant	R	evolving Loan Fund		lilano's wntown	rontier Warren Fund	Total Ionmajor Vernmental Funds
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	(3,569)	\$ -	\$	11,381	\$	-	\$ (5,840)	\$ 1,972
Accounts receivable		-		-	-		10,347		-	360	10,707
Due from other governments		-		3,569	-		-		3,997		 7,566
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	\$	21,728	\$	3,997	\$ (5,480)	\$ 20,245
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	_\$	_	\$		\$ 162,982	\$		_\$	3,212	\$ 	\$ 166,194
FUND BALANCES											
Restricted:											
Cultural and recreation		-		-	-		-		785	-	785
Debt reserve		-		-	-		21,728		-	-	21,728
Unassigned		-			 (162,982)		-			 (5,480)	 (168,462)
Total fund balances		-			(162,982)		21,728		785	(5,480)	(145,949)
Total liabilities and											
fund balances	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$	21,728	\$	3,997	\$ (5,480)	\$ 20,245

TOWN OF WARRENTON, NORTH CAROLINA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	onavirus Relief Fund	Revi	hborhood talization CDBG Grant	NC VW ettlement Grant	volving Loan Fund	ano's ntown	٧	rontier Varren Fund	Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues:										
Restricted intergovernmental	\$ 40,958	\$	3,569	\$ -	\$ 3,276	\$ 408	\$	-	\$	48,211
Miscellaneous	 			 -	 	 		42,403		42,403
Total revenues	40,958		3,569	 	3,276	 408		42,403		90,614
Expenditures: Public safety Economic and physical development Capital Outlay	40,958 - -		- 3,569 -	- - 162,982	- - -	(377)		- 47,883 -		40,958 51,075 162,982
Total expenditures	40,958		3,569	162,982		(377)		47,883		255,015
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 			(162,982)	 3,276	 785		(5,480)		(164,401)
Other financing sources										
Transfer from general fund	 			_	18,452					18,452
Total other financings sources	-		-	-	18,452	-		_		18,452
Net change in fund balance	-		-	(162,982)	21,728	785		(5,480)		(145,949)
Fund balances, beginning	 _		_	 		_				
Fund balances, ending	\$ 	\$		\$ (162,982)	\$ 21,728	\$ 785	\$	(5,480)	\$	(145,949)

SCHEDULE 8

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Year	T	otal to	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: NC Coronavirus Relief	\$	96,548	\$ -	- \$	40,958	\$	40,958	\$	(55,590)	
Expenditures: Current: Public Safety Coronavirus relief expenses		96,548	 -		40,958		40,958		55,590	
Revenues under expenditures			-							
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$		\$ 	=	-	\$		\$		
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending				\$	- -					

SCHEDULE 9

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – NEIGHBORHOOD REVITALIZATION CDBG GRANT FUND

		Project Authorization		Prior Years	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:	Aut	illorization		Tears		Year	Date		vegative
CDBG Grant Revenue	\$	750,000	\$	_	\$	3,569	\$ 3,569	\$	(746,431)
Expenditures: Current:									
Economic & Physical Dev Project cost		680,000		_		_	_		680,000
Admininstrative Expense		70,000		-		3,569	3,569		66,431
·		750,000		-		3,569	3,569		746,431
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$		\$	_	=	-	\$ 	\$	
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending					\$	<u>-</u>			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – VW SETTLEMENT GRANT FUND

	Project Authorizatio	Prior on Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	-				
NC VW Settelement Grant	\$ 218,78) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (218,780)
Expenditures: Current: Public Works					
Capital outlay	224,26)	162,982	162,982	61,278
Revenues under expenditures	(5,48)	-	(162,982)	(162,982)	(157,502)
Other Financing Sources: Town contribution	5,48		. 		(5,480)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$	- \$ -	(162,982)	\$ (162,982)	\$ (162,982)
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending			\$ (162,982)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – REVOLVING LOAN FUND

			Actual						Variance		
		Project		Prior		(Current	Total to		Positive	
	Auth	orization		Years			Year		Date	(N	legative)
Revenues:											
Principal payments	\$	2,832	\$		-	\$	2,832	\$	2,832	\$	-
Interest income		444					444		444_		
		3,276			-		3,276		3,276		-
Expenditures: Current:											
Economic & Physical Dev											
Admininstrative Expense					_						
Revenues under expenditures		3,276			-		3,276		3,276		-
Other Financing Sources:											
Transfers							18,452		18,452		(18,452)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$	3,276	\$				21,728	\$	21,728	\$	(18,452)
Fund balances, beginning											
Fund balances, ending						\$	21,728				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – MILANO'S DOWNTOWN FUND

					,	/ariance			
		Project	Prior	Cu	rrent		Total to		Positive
	Aut	horization	Years	Year			Date	1)	Negative)
Revenues:									,
Restricted intergovernmental:									
Reimbursable grant	\$	500,000	\$ 279,882	\$	-	\$	279,882	\$	(220,118)
Reimbursable COG fee		5,000	 5,000		408		5,408		408
Total		505,000	 284,882		408		285,290		(219,710)
Total revenues		505,000	284,882		408		285,290		(219,710)
Expenditures: Economic and Physical Development:									
Building renovation		500,000	279,882		(377)		279,505		220,495
COG fee		5,000	5,000		-		5,000		_
Total		505,000	284,882		(377)		284,505		220,495
Total expenditures		505,000	284,882		(377)		284,505		220,495
Revenues over expenditures	\$		\$ 		785	\$	785	\$	785
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending				\$	- 785				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – FRONTIER WARREN FUND

		Project norization	Prior Years			Actual Current Year	T	otal to Date	P	ariance ositive egative)
Revenues:										
Rental income	\$	22,000	\$	-	\$	25,850	\$	25,850	\$	3,850
Contribution from other governmer	1	10,000		-		10,000		10,000		-
Miscellaneous income		476		-		1,231		1,231		755
Donations		24,024				5,322		5,322		(18,702)
		56,500		-	'	42,403		42,403		(14,097)
Expenditures: Current: Economic development Operating expenses		56,500				47,883		47,883		8,617
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	\$		\$	_		(5,480)	\$	(5,480)	\$	5,480
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending					\$	(5,480)				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT FUND

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Charges for services:			
Wastewater Treatment	\$ -	\$ 633,113	\$ -
Total	694,797	633,113	(61,684)
Total operating revenues	694,797	633,113	(61,684)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings	-	2	-
Miscellaneous revenue	19,832	24,640	-
Total nonoperating revenues	19,832	24,642	4,810
Total revenues	714,629	657,755	(56,874)
Expenditures:			
Operating expenditures:			
Salaries and benefits		254,708	-
Audit		8,694	-
Telephone and postage		8,305	-
Freight		2,015	-
Office supplies		1,612	-
Light and heat		85,701	-
Insurance and bonds		20,023	
Materials and supplies		33,482	-
Vehicle maintenance		3,873	
Truck expense		5,589	-
Equipment and plant maintenance		87,452	-
Uniforms		2,844	-
Sludge hauling		36,433	-
Influent debris removal		4,040	-
Kerr-Pamlico Basin Association		2,880	-
Permits and fees		6,194	-
OSHA compliance		1,009	-
Lab analysis		15,763	-
Certified lab expense		9,217	-
Computer improvements		5,110	-
Continuing education		525	-
Advertising		1,117	-
Capital outlay		1,759	-
Administrative fee		43,510	<u> </u>
Total operating expenditures	681,186	641,855	39,331

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT FUND (CONTINUED)

	ı	Budget	Actual	I	ariance Positive Jegative)
Other financing sources (uses):					<u> </u>
Transfer in	\$	32,497	32,497	\$	-
Coronavirus Relief Fund revenue		-	729		(729)
Coronavirus Relief Fund expense		-	(729)		729
Grant match for capital project		(33,443)	(33,443)		-
Transfer out		(32,497)	 (1)		(32,496)
Total other financing		_	_		_
sources (uses)		(33,443)	 (947)		(32,496)
Revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses	\$	_	\$ 14,953	\$	14,953
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Revenues and other sources over					
expenditures and other uses			\$ 14,953		
Reconciling items:					
Depreciation			(4,574)		
Loss on disposal			(2,007)		
Increase in compensated absences			(953)		
Capital Outlay			1,759		
Revenue and other financing sources from capital projects			1,568,321		
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - pensions			7,587		
Decrease in net pension liability			(25,993)		
Increase in deferred inflows of resources - pensi	ons		 		
Total reconciling items			 1,544,140		
Net income			\$ 1,559,093		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WWTP GRANT, DIVISION OF WATER INFRASTRUCTURE FUND – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

		Actual				
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Contributions:						
Grant	\$ 1,600,000	\$ -	\$ 1,534,878	\$ 1,534,878	\$ (65,122)	
Town match	33,443		33,443	33,443		
Total revenues	1,633,443		1,568,321	1,568,321	(65,122)	
Expenditures:						
Construction costs:						
Construction costs	1,701,585	-	1,565,912	1,565,912	135,673	
Contingency	52,177	-	-	-	52,177	
Total construction costs	1,753,762	-	1,565,912	1,565,912	187,850	
Engineering costs:						
Engineering design	100,650	-	100,650	100,650	-	
Construction administration	64,000	-	51,200	51,200	12,800	
Construction inspection	100,000	-	77,077	77,077	22,923	
Total engineering costs	264,650		228,927	228,927	35,723	
Administration costs:						
Grant/loan administration	30,000	-	30,000	30,000	-	
ER preparation	20,000	-	15,000	15,000	5,000	
Legal, fiscal, admin,						
permitting	3,720	670	3,050	3,720	-	
Closing costs	33,443	-	33,443	33,443	-	
Total administration costs	87,163	670	81,493	82,163	5,000	
Total expenditures	2,105,575	670	1,876,332	1,877,002	228,573	
Other financing sources						
USDA loan	472,132		341,456	341,456	(130,676)	
Revenues over expenditures	\$ -	\$ (670)	\$ 33,445	\$ 32,775	\$ 32,775	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WATER AND SEWER FUND – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Revenues: Charges for services: Water and sewer sales \$. \$. \$. 1,382,736 \$		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Water and sewer sales \$ - \$ 8,994 - Water and sewer taps - 8,994 - Total operating revenues: 1,451,285 1,391,730 (59,555) Nonoperating revenues: - 75 - Miscellaneous revenue - 1,079 1,079 Total nonoperating revenues - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: - 1,000 - Operating expenditures: - 2,828,900 - Salaries and benefits - 2,281,000 - Salaries and benefits - 2,281,000 - Sewer purchases - 228,960 - Sewer purchases - 2273,821 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - <td>Revenues:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenues:			
Water and sewer taps - 8,994 - Total operating revenues 1,451,285 1,391,730 (59,555) Nonoperating revenues: - 75 - Interest earnings - 75 - Miscellaneous revenue - 1,004 - Total nonoperating revenues - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: - 288,960 - Operating expenditures: - 288,960 - Salaries and benefits - 288,960 - Water purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 5,880 - Contracted services - 66,425 - <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	-			
Total operating revenues: 1,451,285 1,391,730 (59,555) Nonoperating revenues: 1 75 - Miscellaneous revenue - 1,004 - Total nonoperating revenues - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: Operating expenditures: Salaries and benefits - 288,960 - Salaries and benefits - 228,100 - - Water purchases - 273,821 - - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - - Audit - 8,694 - - Equipment maintenance - 15,163 - - Water tank maintenance - 15,863 - - Building maintenance - 15,863 - - Contracted services - 66,425 - - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - -		\$ -		\$ -
Nonoperating revenues: Interest earnings	·	_		-
Interest earnings	Total operating revenues	1,451,285	1,391,730	(59,555)
Interest earnings	Nonoperating revenues:			
Miscellaneous revenue - 1,004 - Total nonoperating revenues - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: Sexpenditures: Sexpenditures		_	75	-
Total nonoperating revenues - 1,079 1,079 Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: Operating expenditures: Salaries and benefits - 288,960 - Water purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 15,163 - Building maintenance - 5,880 - Contracted services - 66,425 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Insurance and postage - 16,703 - Ceptartmental supplies and materials - 42,422 - Uniforms - 3,988 - Telephone and postage - 16,703 - Advertising		_	1,004	-
Total revenues 1,451,285 1,392,809 (58,476) Expenditures: Operating expenditures: 3 288,960 - Salaries and benefits - 228,100 - Water purchases - 273,821 - Sewer purchases - 8,694 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 15,163 - Water tank maintenance - 15,880 - Water tank maintenance - 15,880 - Water tank maintenance - 15,880 - Water tank maintenance - 14,452 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Insurance and bonds - 16,703 - Insurance and bonds - 16,703 - Telephone and postage - 16,703 - Office supplies - 4,472				1,079
Expenditures: Operating expenditures: Salaries and benefits		1.451.285	1.392.809	
Operating expenditures: Salaries and benefits - 288,960 - Water purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 15,163 - Building maintenance - 5,880 - Contracted services - 66,425 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Departmental supplies and materials - 14,452 - Uniforms - 3,988 - Telephone and postage - 16,703 - Office supplies - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 8,367 - Advertising - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 8,367 - Advertising - 486 - Easements				
Salaries and benefits - 288,960 - Water purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 15,163 - Building maintenance - 5,880 - Contracted services - 66,425 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Departmental supplies and materials - 42,422 - Uniforms - 3,988 - Telephone and postage - 16,703 - Office supplies - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 8,367 - Advertising - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 8,367 - Advertising - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 1,000 - <				
Water purchases - 228,100 - Sewer purchases - 273,821 - Audit - 8,694 - Equipment maintenance - 8,751 - Water tank maintenance - 15,163 - Building maintenance - 5,880 - Contracted services - 66,425 - Insurance and bonds - 14,452 - Departmental supplies and materials - 42,422 - Uniforms - 3,988 - Telephone and postage - 16,703 - Office supplies - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 8,367 - Advertising - 4,472 - Lights and heat - 1,000 - Advertising - 486 - Easements - 1,000 - Truck expense - 12,231 - Continuing education - 485 -			200 000	
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Continuing education - 485 - Dues and permits - 3,065 - Certified lab expense - 1,820 - Computer improvements - 9,947 - Contract maintenance - 16,782 - Wastewater treatment plant rehab - 22,881 - Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 - Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Easements	-	1,000	-
Dues and permits - 3,065 - Certified lab expense - 1,820 - Computer improvements - 9,947 - Contract maintenance - 16,782 - Wastewater treatment plant rehab - 22,881 - Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 - Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -		-		-
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Computer improvements - 9,947 - Contract maintenance - 16,782 - Wastewater treatment plant rehab - 22,881 - Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 - Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Dues and permits	-	3,065	-
Contract maintenance - 16,782 - Wastewater treatment plant rehab - 22,881 - Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 - Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Certified lab expense	-	1,820	-
Wastewater treatment plant rehab - 22,881 - Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 - - Capital outlay - - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Computer improvements	-	9,947	-
Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Contract maintenance	-	16,782	-
Debt service - 96,158 - Interest - 27,807 Capital outlay - - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	Wastewater treatment plant rehab	-	22,881	-
Interest - 27,807 Capital outlay - - Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - 78,456 -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		-
Capital outlay -	Interest	-		
Mowing fee - 13,500 - Administrative fee - - 78,456 -		-	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
Administrative fee	•	_	13.500	-
<u> </u>		_		-
		1,418,788		147,972

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WATER AND SEWER FUND – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budget	Actual	F	ariance Positive Jegative)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from General Fund Transfer to other funds Coronavirus Relief Fund revenue Coronavirus Relief Fund expense	\$	- (32,497) - -	\$ 14,757 (50,949) 729 (729)	\$	14,757 (18,452) 729 (729)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(32,497)	(36,192)		(3,695)
Revenues and other sources under expenditures and other uses	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 85,801	\$	85,801
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Revenues and other sources under					
expenditures and other uses			\$ 85,801		
Reconciling items:					
Principal retirement			96,158		
Capital outlay			- 7.507		
Increase in deferred outflows of resources - per Increase in net pension liability	ISIONS		7,587 (25,993)		
Decrease in deferred inflows of resources - pen	sions		(20,990)		
Revenue and other financing sources from capi		ects	846,163		
Depreciation	. ,		(379,261)		
Increase in compensated absences			(123)		
Total reconciling items			544,531		
Net income			\$ 630,332		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – WATER ASSET MAPPING GRANT FUND – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

	Project Authorization		Actual Prior Current Total to Years Year Date					Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:									
Contributions									
Town match	\$	5,000	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	-
Grant		100,000	80,200		16,538		96,738		(3,262)
Total revenues		105,000	85,200		16,538		101,738		(3,262)
Expenditures:									
Engineering		105,000	 85,200		16,300		101,500		3,500
Revenues under expenditures	\$		\$ 	\$	238	\$	238	\$	238

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – USDA RURAL DEVELOPMENT GRANT FUND – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Authorization	16013		Date	(Negative)
Contributions					
Grant	\$ 3,420,000	\$ 1,414,474	\$ 689,106	\$ 2,103,580	¢ (1 316 420)
Grant	\$ 3,420,000	Φ 1,414,474	\$ 009,100	\$ 2,103,360	\$(1,316,420)
Expenditures:					
Water and sewer line					
replacements	3,321,907	880,210	423,224	1,303,434	2,018,473
Construction	1,932,489	143,525	652,961	796,486	1,136,003
Architect fees	60,000	-	13,042	13,042	46,958
Contingency	293,638	102,067	2,063	104,130	189,508
Engineering fees	223,325	9,262	62,176	71,438	151,887
Administration	61,750	-	_	-	61,750
Interest	86,891	-	(12,725)	(12,725)	99,616
Service easement	30,000	-	-	-	30,000
Legal and administrative	25,000	11,850	12,590	24,440	560
Total expenditures	6,035,000	1,146,914	1,153,331	2,300,245	3,734,755
Revenues under expenditures	(2,615,000)	267,560	(464,225)	(196,665)	2,418,335
Other financing sources					
USDA loan	2,615,000		228,000	228,000	(2,387,000)
Revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures	s -	\$ 267,560	\$ (236,225)	\$ 31,335	\$ 31,335
CAPCHUILLIES	Ψ -	Ψ 201,300	Ψ (230,223)	ψ υτ,υυυ	ψ στ,σσσ

SCHEDULE 19

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – SEWER ASSET MAPPING GRANT FUND

	Project Authorization		Actual Prior Current Years Year				Total to Date		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								-		
Contributions										
Town match	\$	7,500	\$ 5,250	\$	-	\$	5,250	\$	(2,250)	
Grant		150,000	 103,950		41,157		145,107		(4,893)	
Total revenues		157,500	109,200		41,157		150,357		(7,143)	
Expenditures:										
Engineering		157,500	 109,200		40,800		150,000		7,500	
Revenues under expenditures	\$		\$ 	\$	357	\$	357	\$	357	

SCHEDULE 20

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – BATTLE AVENUE SEWER REPLACEMENT GRANT FUND

	Project Authorization		Actual Prior Current Years Year		Current	Total to Date		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:			 1						<u> </u>
Contributions									
Town match	\$	11,995	\$ 11,995	\$	-	\$	11,995	\$	-
Grant		553,594	 459,318		85,075		544,393		(9,201)
Total revenues		565,589	471,313		85,075		556,388		(9,201)
Expenditures:									
Engineering		738,125	627,126		97,489		724,615		13,510
Grant fee		8,304	-		-		-		8,304
Loan fee		3,691	3,641		3,641		7,282		(3,591)
Total expenditures		750,120	630,767		101,130		731,897		18,223
Revenues under expenditures		(184,531)	(159,454)		(16,055)		(175,509)		9,022
Other financing sources									
NC DEQ loan		184,531	 153,105		28,358		181,463		(3,068)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$		\$ (6,349)	\$	12,303	\$	5,954	\$	5,954

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) – BUTE/UNITY SEWER REPLACEMENT GRANT FUND

	Project Authorization		Prior Years		Actual Current Year		Total to Date		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:										
Contributions										
Town match	\$	7,475	\$	7,475	\$	-	\$	7,475	\$	-
Grant		345,000		265,320		71,387		336,707		(8,293)
Total revenues		352,475		272,795		71,387		344,182		(8,293)
Expenditures:										
Engineering		460,000		405,593		43,349		448,942		11,058
Grant fee		5,175		5,175		-		5,175		-
Loan fee		2,300		2,300				2,300		-
Total expenditures		467,475		413,068		43,349		456,417		11,058
Revenues under expenditures		(115,000)		(140,273)		28,038		(112,235)		2,765
Other financing sources										
NC DEQ loan		115,000		88,440		23,795		112,235		(2,765)
Revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	\$	_	\$	(51,833)	\$	51,833	\$		\$	

TOWN OF WARRENTON

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable General Fund
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-Wide Levy

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE – GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Fiscal Year	В	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2020		Additions		ollections nd Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2021		
2020- 2021	\$	_	\$	476,984	\$	465,913	\$	11,071	
2019- 2020	·	11,492	•	-	·	7,093	•	4,399	
2018- 2019		7,389		-		5,514		1,875	
2017- 2018		2,244		-		513		1,731	
2016- 2017		1,580		-		_		1,580	
2015- 2016		1,575		-		_		1,575	
2014- 2015		1,351		-		_		1,351	
2013- 2014		2,133		-		_		2,133	
2012- 2013		1,476		-		159		1,317	
2011- 2012		1,054		-		-		1,054	
2010- 2011		1,092		-		-		1,092	
2009- 2010		1,211				1,211		-	
	\$	32,597	\$	476,984	\$	480,403	\$	29,178	
	\$	1,211		476,984 encilement wit		480,403	\$		
			11000	monement wit	ii ieveii	<u>ues.</u>			
			Ad va	alorem taxes -	Gener	al Fund	\$	481,660	
			Red	conciling items	3:				
			Ad	djustments				1,982	
			In	terest collecte	ed			(3,239	
			Releases					-	

Subtotal

Total collections and credits

(1,257)

480,403

\$

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY – TOWN-WIDE LEVY

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

						Total	Levy	
	To	own-Wid	le		e	Property xcluding egistered	Reg	istered
	Property			Total		Motor	Motor	
	Valuation	Rate		Levy	Vehicles		Vehicles	
Original levy:								
Property taxed at								
current year rate	\$ 67,511,231	0.65	\$	438,823	\$	438,823	\$	-
Discoveries	-	0.65		-		-		-
Registered motor vehicles	5,870,923	0.65		38,161				38,161
Total Property Valuation	\$ 73,382,154		\$	476,984	\$	438,823	\$	38,161
Net levy			\$	476,984	\$	438,823	\$	38,161
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 202	1			(11,071)		(10,719)		(352)
Current year's taxes collected			\$	465,913	\$	428,104	\$	37,809
Current levy collection percentage	:			97.68%		97.56%		99.08%

TOWN OF WARRENTON

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 13, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2021-001.

Town's Response to Findings

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The Town's responses to the finding identified in our audit was described in the accompanying schedule of finding and responses. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina

July 13, 2022



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina (the "Town"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina July 13, 2022



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance with Requirements Applicable for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Warrenton, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Town of Warrenton, North Carolina's (the "Town") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on the Town's major state program for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town's major state program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with state statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its state awards applicable to its state program.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Town's major state program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Town complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major state program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Town's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina July 13, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Assitance Listing Number	State/Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	State Expenditures
Federal Awards:				
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Water and Waste Disposal				
Rural Development Grant Town Hall	10.760		Ф 1 1EO 221	¢
Systems for Rural Communities	10.760		\$ 1,153,331	\$ -
			1,153,331	
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed-Through Warren County				
Coronavirus Relief Fund and CARES Act - COVID-19	21.019		40,985	-
State Awards:				
CDBG Neighborhood Revitilization				3,569
North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality				
VW-On Road Program - Class 4-7		45864VW	-	162,982
North Carolina Revolving Loan & Grant Program, WWTP		E-SRP-W-17-0038	-	1,876,332
Water Asset Inventory & Assessment Grant		H-AIA-D-17-0104	-	16,300
Sewer Asset Inventory & Assessment Grant		E-AIA-W-18-0131	-	40,800
Connect NC Bonds Tax Exempt Program				
Unity/Bute Sewer Rehab		E-SRP-W-17-0102	-	43,349
Battle Ave Sewer Rehab		E-SRP-W-17-0052		101,130
Total North Carolina Department of Environmental Qua	lity			2,240,893
Total Federal and State Awards			\$ 1,194,316	\$ 2,244,462

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Note 1—Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal and State awards ("SEFSA") includes the federal and State grant activity of the Town of Warrenton under the programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Town.

Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from those amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.

The Town of Warrenton has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

The Town did not incur any passed-through sub-recipient expenditures during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

Note 3—Outstanding Loans

The Town had obtained two loans under the United States Department of Agriculture Water and Waste Disposal, Rural Development Grant Town Hall Systems for Rural Communities program (assistance listing number #10.760) during the year ended June 30, 2021. The Town's loan proceeds and qualified expenditures incurred during the project are included in the accompanying SEFSA in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.502(b). The project is still open as of year-end. Once the project is completed, the Town will not be required to report any outstanding loan balances as the loans are no longer considered to have continuing compliance requirements. The balance of loans outstanding at June 30, 2021 totaled \$2,564,000.

The Town received no interest financing under the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality, Water Infrastructure Fund, Connect NC tax exempt bond program. Total obligations due by the Town under the program at June 30, 2021 totaled 278,860.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results								
Financial Statements								
Type of auditor's report issued as to whether the financial statements are presented in accordance with	h U.S. GAAP: Unmodified							
Internal control over financial reporting:								
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes <u>X</u> no							
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that is not considered to be material weakness 	yesX_ none reported							
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	_X yes no							
Federal Awards								
Internal control over major federal programs:								
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yesX_ no							
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses 	yesX_ none reported							
Noncompliance material to federal awards	yes <u>X</u> no							
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	federal program: Unmodified							
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yesX_ no							
Identification of major federal programs:								
CFDA No. 10.760	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Water and Waste Disposal Systems for Rural Communities							
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs	<u>\$750,000</u>							

____ Yes <u>X</u> no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (continued)		
State Awards		
Internal control over major state programs:		
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	yes	X no
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to state awards noted?	yes	X no
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state	programs: Unmod	dified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act	yes	X no
Identification of major state programs:		
Program Name		
North Carolina Revolving Loan & Grant Program		

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2021-001 Untimely Audit Submission

Criteria: An audit of the financial statements to be completed within 120 days after year-end per North Carolina State General Statute G.S. 159.

Condition: The Town did not have auditable financial statements available until after 120 days after year-end.

Effect: Audit was unable to be completed within 120 days after year-end due to financial statements not being ready.

Recommendation: We recommend that the Town ensure that draft financial statements be made available to auditors closer to year-end.

Management Response: Management agrees with this finding.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.



Walter M. Gardner, Jr. – Mayor Robert Davie – Town Administrator P.O. Box 281 Warrenton, NC 27589-0281 (252) 257-1122 Fax (252) 257-9219 www.warrenton.nc.gov

Audit of Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2021 CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Finding 2021-001 Untimely Audit Submission

Name of Contact Person: Robert Davie

The Town has chosen and contracted with Joyce and Company in Cary, North Carolina to manage both our audit preparation and actual audit. We believe that the internal separation of those duties at Joyce and Company, along with preparation and audit work occurring within the same firm, the Town will be able to present its audit on time for fiscal year 2021-2022.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings:

None noted.